

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1860.

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South Carolina.

We spent Thursday and a part of Friday (yesterday) in Charleston, the centre of the secession feeling, and had some opportunity of seeing how the thing works there.

The excitement is rather deep than loud. There is little or none of the outside demonstration that characterizes political movements where there are party divisions or where there is any discussion or apparent difference. In Charleston, on the cars and elsewhere, it seemed to be taken for granted that things had gone too far to recede—that, in fact, only one course remained for South Carolina—that of joint action with her Southern sisters, but at any rate of action, even though such action should be separate.

This is all that shows on the surface. Find a party of men standing anywhere talking earnestly, they no longer discuss cotton or such things. Be sure the new attitude which the State has assumed is the subject of consideration—for, as we said before, although no Convention has been held, no authoritative secession taking place, still its taking place is regarded as a fixed fact, and to this view of the case the resignation of the Federal officers, especially of Judge Magrath has given a strong sanction. The question does not seem to be what South Carolina is to do, but what the other Southern States are going to do. Will they sustain her, or will they not? What course will Georgia take?—what of North Carolina?

The Cotton States of the South-west are looked upon as certain, with, perhaps, the exception of Louisiana, and she too, eventually.

It would be difficult to tell by anything in the streets, during the day at least, that an unusual state of feeling prevailed, or any unusual movement was contemplated, unless you happened to mix up with some body of professional or business men, and notice the topic of conversation. On Thursday night there were gatherings at sundry points, and gentlemen at the two principal hotels were called upon to address assemblies in the streets. New military companies are forming, and the ranks of those already formed are rapidly filling up to the full regulation strength. These companies drill every night, and we noticed frequently the gleam of steel from gun-barrel or bayonet. Those who had gone through the nullification times, assure us that the present state of feeling far exceeds in its intensity that then existing.

We take it for granted that all the formal movements for secession will be made in South Carolina. How far that State will be sustained by any other of the Southern States we do not know. Most of the people in Charleston express confidence; yet still there is an earnestness in the mode of asking questions as to the course of certain States that hardly accords with the professed assurance of being sustained.

Business is of course at a stand for the time being—How, or how soon it will be brought back to its accustomed channels, or if not so-brought back, into what channels it may be diverted we do not know.

We noticed at different points throughout the city, the new Palmetto flag suspended across the streets. It is simply a Palmetto in the centre, with a single star in the corner where the stars usually are upon the U. S. flag. All with whom we talked repudiated the idea or notion of a French or other protectorate. There is no such thing on the cards—no such thing thought of. We suppose if they could form an independent government, they would form commercial treaties with France, or anybody else.

The talk about the superficial demonstrations of excitement this week in Charleston, is mostly talk. There has been very little noisy demonstration in that city, so little indeed, that a stranger might be led to doubt the existence of the feeling that prevails that community. If the existence of intense excitement had been telegraphed from Charleston, it would have been correct—but if it is understood as our neighbor of the Herald does, that the conduct of the people of Charleston "partook more of the character of the sports of a set of liberated school children, than of that more serious spirit," etc., etc., then such understanding is wholly erroneous. The ebullition in the way of cheering or rejoicing, was not in honor of Lincoln's election by any means. It was in response to the resignation of the Federal Officers. These things we happen to know. We are not making any special plea for South Carolina, yet South Carolina is our sister State, and not one of our Northern aggressors, and justice at least should be done her.

We have thus stated what we saw and heard. In the present turmoil it is difficult to estimate the amount of any movement, or give to it the exact amount of significance to which it is entitled. We cannot but think that some of the resignations in Charleston were precipitate, but the community there sustains Judge Magrath, of the U. S. District Court, and Mr. Conner, U. S. District Attorney. A few nights ago, a crowd of about two thousand persons went up to serenade Judge Magrath at his residence, in that part of the city formerly known as the neck. It would appear that some arsenal, State or United States, is located very near where the Judge resides, and all the women-folk in the vicinity thought the crowd had come after the arms, and that the war was about to begin, and there was consternation. This started some talk about the removal of United States arms, we suppose.

There seemed to be a good many guests at the Mills house, Charleston and Pavilion Hotels. The American, the Placers, and indeed nearly or quite all the second class hotels are closed. The Charleston and Savannah road is the means of bringing more passengers to the North Eastern, and per consequence to the Wilmington and Manchester and Wilmington and Weldon Railroads.

The Brig that hoisted the Palmetto Flag in the harbor of Charleston this week, was not from Boston, but from Newburyport, Massachusetts, and belongs to the Messrs. Cushing, a firm of which Hon. Caleb Cushing is a member.

Mr. JOHN M. SAYAGE, of Duplin County, informs us that a horse belonging to Mr. MICHAEL SAYAGE, of said county, died on the 25th of October, 1860, aged 33 years, 7 months and 18 days. This is believed to have been the oldest horse in the county.

THE RESULT IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.—The following States may safely be placed to Breckinridge and Lane:

Delaware.....3 votes. Maryland.....8 votes. Virginia.....15 " North Carolina.....10 " South Carolina.....8 " Georgia.....10 " Florida.....3 " Alabama.....9 " Louisiana.....6 " Mississippi.....7 " Texas.....4 " Arkansas.....4 "

California and Oregon are conceded to Breckinridge, but we cannot hear from these two States weeks to come, and therefore omit them from our table.

Tennessee and Kentucky have not yet been heard. The indications are, that Tennessee, Kentucky, and Missouri have gone for Bell.

Sampson County Agricultural Society. We learn that Col. Walter L. Steele, of Richmond County, has consented to deliver the address before the next Annual Meeting of Sampson County Agricultural Society. Our Sampson friends may expect to hear something worth listening to.

Rev. Dr. DEEMS.—We have just learned that this distinguished divine has just arrived home from Europe in good health and spirits.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The Stockholders in the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, met at the Court House in this place at ten o'clock this forenoon in annual meeting.

The meeting was organized by calling Maj. Owen R. Kenan, of Duplin, to the Chair. Robert Norfleet, Esq., of Edgecombe, and Patrick Murphy, Esq., of Sampson County, were appointed Secretaries. Wm. A. Wright, Esq., with the Secretaries, constitute the Committee to verify proxies and ascertain the amount of stock represented.

Maj. O. R. Kenan holds the proxy for the State. Daily Journal, 8th inst.

WILMINGTON AND WELDON RAIL ROAD.—At the annual meeting of the Stockholders yesterday, Hon. Wm. S. Ashe was re-elected President. The following gentlemen were re-elected Directors on the part of individual Stockholders: P. K. Dickinson, A. J. DeBrest, J. D. Bellamy, E. P. Hall, Gilbert Potter, W. A. Bennett and W. W. Peirce. Wm. A. Wright, L. H. B. Whitaker and Wm. K. Lane, were re-appointed on the part of the State.

The vote for President.—We have not received the official proceedings, but from our recollection, on the announcement of the vote, it stood for Mr. Ashe about 6,700, and for Mr. Wallace about 2,300. The State cast, we think, 1,900 votes and the Manchester Company about the same number.—Daily Journal, 9th inst.

South Carolina Officers have not Resigned. The telegraphic reports relative to the position of the Federal Officers in South Carolina, have created considerable sensation throughout the country as far as heard from. It was reported yesterday and the day previous, that all the Federal officers in Charleston had resigned. This turns out not to be true. Judge Magrath is the only one, so far as we can hear, that has yet resigned. The Collector, Port Surveyor and the Naval Officer, have published the following cards which appear in the Courier of yesterday morning. The Courier says that they were dictated by the telegraphic report of the Presidential election:—

To the Editors of the Courier.—GENTLEMEN.—The inquiry has been frequently made of me, "What will you do if Lincoln is elected?" My reply has been, I will answer when the time comes. The time has come and I now say, I will not serve under the enemy of my country, and whether South Carolina secedes, consents, or submits, I will resign my office.

WM. F. COLCOCK, Collector of the Port of Charleston.

Messrs. Editors:—As I do not desire that my friends and the community shall be in doubt as to my position as a Federal officer, I beg leave to say, I will not hold the office of Surveyor, or any other office under a Black Republican President.

M. JACOBS, Port Surveyor.

Messrs. Editors:—The crisis in our affairs requiring a public expression from all holding Government office, I deem it due to myself to state my position. I can perceive nothing which requires officers of the Customs to retire from office at the present time. On the contrary, every consideration of the duty they owe to the community renders it obligatory upon them to defer their action. Their retention of office is in aid of the community. Their retirement would practically suspend all commerce, and be equivalent to a blockade, as nothing could enter or leave the port.

I shall await the action of the State, and in any event, shall stand or fall with her. Not being a leader in her councils, I await the call of those who are, and am ready, at a moment, to obey. Until that call is made, I see neither wisdom nor patriotism in any individual action on my part.

JOHN LAURENS, Naval Officer. Charleston, S. C., November 7, 1860.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

	Gov. 1860.	Pres. 1860.	Bel.	Douglas.
Wilmington	589	539	58	567
Federal Point	15	10	1	5
Masonboro	28	40	3	28
Middle Sound	11	65	63	19
Sandy Run	121	121	1	1
Holly Shelter	80	80	70	10
Rocky Point	101	8	55	6
Long Creek	14	8	107	5
Half Moon	55	9	51	1
Upper Black River	96	1	1	1
Walterboro	53	3	106	1
Piney Woods	108	11	67	4
South Washington	129	22	144	9
	1349	713	1617	644
	781	644		
	836	973		

ONSLOW COUNTY.—Official.

	Breckinridge.	Bell.	Douglas.
Stump Sound	119	1	1
Lower South West	87	1	1
Upper South West	106	1	1
Lower Richards	76	18	3
Upper Richards	70	23	8
Long Creek	82	26	6
North East	52	17	1
White Oak	66	6	2
Swanboro	62	47	6
Wolf Pitt	62	4	6
	781	153	24

DUPLIN COUNTY.—Official.

	Breckinridge.	Bell.	Douglas.
Faison's	407	19	6
Wolfeboro	107	1	1
Tatum's	45	6	1
Branch's Store	45	6	1
Albermarle	88	5	1
Smith's	24	1	1
Sarcata	105	1	1
Hallsville	30	10	1
Cypress Creek	132	6	1
Wolfson	82	1	1
Rockfish	147	1	1
Magnolia	212	8	1
Walterboro	129	32	1
Kennasville	156	20	1
	1380	149	3
	119		
	1231		

SAMPSON COUNTY.—Official.

	Breckinridge.	Bell.	Douglas.
Clinton	414	1	1
Taylor's Bridge	146	1	1
Lisbon	45	1	1
Albermarle	42	1	1
McDaniel's	40	36	1
Little Coharie	78	26	1
Honeycreek	35	25	1
Hill	32	11	1
Piney Grove	54	59	1
Walterboro	129	119	1
Mingo	45	96	1
Dismal	10	116	1
	977	529	6
	529		
	448		

COLUMBIA COUNTY.—Official.

	Breckinridge.	Bell.	Douglas.
Bogue	69	66	0
Mineral Springs	28	65	0
Bug Bill	68	14	0
William's	223	10	0
Whiteville	156	107	0
Lee's	39	10	0
Cerro Gordo	150	85	1
	723	322	6

Richmond County.—Official.

	Breckinridge.	Bell.	Douglas.
Steele's	9	32	0
Mineral Springs	35	178	0
Beaver Dam	3	14	0
McPherson's	9	16	0
Walterboro	129	10	0
Rockingham	74	83	0
William's	85	46	2
Samuel Hill's	33	68	0
Stewartville	33	68	0
	269	544	4

From Havana and Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 8.—The steamer Empire City, from Havana on the 6th, has arrived. Sugars were quiet, but prices firm. Stock 82,000 boxes. Advice from Vera Cruz to the 26th ult. state that the assault on Guadalupe was made in six columns of 1,500 men each.

It was reported that Castillo, with 72 officers, had been captured and shot. Advice from Porto Rico to the 27th ult. state that heavy rains render the coffee crop small.

BY TELEGRAPH.

EFFECTS OF THE ELECTION OF LINCOLN.

ACTION OF SOUTH CAROLINA. CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 7, 8 P. M.

The Mercury of this morning says that the news of Lincoln's election, was received in Charleston with long and continued cheering for a Southern Confederacy.

FEELING OF THE SOUTH. AUGUSTA, GA., Nov. 7, 8 P. M.

There is a stern injunction expressed in different portions of the South heard from, in favor of calling State Conventions, to deliberate upon the policy to be pursued.

It was reported at Columbia (S. C.) last night that the South Carolina Legislature will soon send a Commissioner to the Georgia Legislature for the purpose of conferring together about taking prompt action.

FROM NEW YORK. NEW YORK, Nov. 7—8, P. M.

Smith (dem.) has been elected to Congress from the first district; Wall, dem., in the fifth; Conklin, dem., in the sixth.

NEW JERSEY. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7, 1860—P. M.

The majority of the fusion ticket in New Jersey is reported to be three or four thousand, but Douglas, running on a straight ticket, may elect four Republican Electors. The result is yet doubtful.

ACTION OF SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 7—10, P. M.

Joint resolutions were adopted by the Legislature on Tuesday, making it the special order for Thursday, on the question of calling a Convention of the people of the State; also for the re-organization of the militia, and making preparations for the defense of the State.

Mr. Buist urged the resolutions in the House; and said that action should be prompt, immediate, unqualified, effective and decisive, in case of Lincoln's election.

On Tuesday night, Mr. Boyce, Member of Congress, spoke from the steps of the Congress House. He urged secession, in case of Lincoln's election. He was followed by other prominent South Carolinians.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7th, 1860—P. M.

Lewis county, Virginia, gives Breckinridge 300 majority.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Nov. 8—A. M.

Louisiana has probably gone for Breckinridge.

HARRISBURG, PA., Nov. 8, 1860.

The Governor has issued his proclamation declaring Lehman, Democrat, elected to Congress from the first district.

VIEWS OF LEADING MEN. WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 8, 1860.

The leading gentlemen from the North and South give the following views:

The next Congress, as shown by the recent elections for members of the House of Representatives, will be, opposition to Lincoln 127 votes. In favor of Lincoln's Administration 110. Majority against his Administration, 17.

In the Senate the majority against Lincoln will be 8. Lincoln will therefore be powerless for two years.

MARYLAND ELECTION. The following dispatch was received yesterday after our paper had been worked off:

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8—1, P. M.

The latest returns indicate that the State of Maryland has gone for Breckinridge and Lane by a small majority.

[Special Dispatch to the Journal.] ALABAMA AND LOUISIANA.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 8.

Alabama has gone for Breckinridge over both Bell and Douglas.

Louisiana is safe for Breckinridge.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 9th, 1860.

A band of Minute Men are forming here.

VIRGINIA. Our private information from Virginia informs us that Virginia has gone for Breckinridge and Lane, though the majority will be small. It may go below 1500.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 9, 1860.

Everybody is for secession. A Boston brig, by command of the owners, raised the Palmetto flag and fired a salute of fifteen guns.

The Collector, Deputy Collector, and District Attorney have resigned. Other officials will do so before the inauguration of Lincoln.

A convention of the people will be called and the State will secede.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 9.

The services of Volunteers from Virginia have been tendered to the Governor.

FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 10th, 1860.

There is great excitement here in consequence of rumors that the Government is about to remove the arms in the Citadel to Fort Moultrie, etc.

Lincoln has been burnt in effigy. The Palmetto flag has been substituted for the Union flag.—[Stars and Stripes.]

The steamer Keystone State was compelled to substitute the Palmetto flag before entering the port.

SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 10.

The day (yesterday) was spent in discussing the policy of sending Commissioners to other States. No action.

FROM WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, Nov. 10th, 1860.

It is understood here that the President will take no steps in regard to the South, unless an overt act shall be committed, or nullification attempted.

ELECTION IN VIRGINIA. Latest reports say that Breckinridge is 2,700 ahead of Bell, in twenty-three counties. The State is considered certain for Breckinridge and Lane.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12th, 1860.

VIRGINIA.—Several counties are yet to be heard from. The vote is close and the official count will be required before the result can be definitely ascertained.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Both houses of the South Carolina Legislature in session at Columbia have passed by a unanimous vote, a bill calling a Convention to meet on the 17th December.

Tremendous meetings have been held in Savannah, Charleston, Augusta, Columbia, etc., unanimously favoring immediate secession. Minute Men are forming at every point. Resolutions in some cases have been adopted to return all Northern bills unpaid.

It is believed that Florida, Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi will join South Carolina. [So probably will Arkansas and Texas.—JOURNAL.]

Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee have gone for Bell and Everett.

In Washington City political gloom overshadows everything. It is believed that the government will take no steps with regard to the South unless the Federal Laws are openly nullified.

VIRGINIA. RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 13th, 1860.

Breckinridge's majority in the State will be about one thousand.

WASHINGTON CITY ITEMS. WASHINGTON, Nov. 13th, 1860.

It was reported here yesterday that the draft of the Declaration of Independence of South Carolina had been laid before the President.

It is confidently asserted that the President will tomorrow issue a proclamation on Southern affairs, which is looked for with the greatest anxiety.

Northern Railway Stocks declined yesterday six dollars per share, and State and National declined one and a half per share.

It is reported in New York that the Bank of South Carolina has suspended.

NEWS FROM GEORGIA. MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Nov. 13th, 1860.

The military Convention here is large. Resolutions have been adopted favoring secession. The Governor made a strong resistance speech.

Large meetings have been held in Lexington and Henderson, Kentucky, denouncing secession.

A resolution has been offered contemplating a Southern Convention, to meet at Atlanta.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.—Bills introduced into the Georgia Legislature declaring Georgia out of the Union, were referred to the appropriate committee.

SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 13th, 1860.

The House has ratified the Convention bill. The Senate will ratify to-day. The bill to arm the State has been re-committed. Resolutions have been introduced looking to secession.

Both Houses have passed the Bill suspending the penalties for Bank suspension.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. NEW YORK, Nov. 12, 1860.

The Steamship Bremen, from Southampton, has arrived at this port. She brings Liverpool dates to the 31st October.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 31, 1860.

Cotton.—Sales for the past two days of 4800 bales, at an advance of 3/4 a 1/4. There is a large speculative enquiry.

Flour, and former quotations barely maintained. Wheat, Corn and Rice firm. Rosin steady at 5s. 5d a 5s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine firm at 34s. 6d a 35s.

Consols 93 1/2.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CHARLOTTE COURIER. WASHINGTON, November 8.—The Constitution newspaper (government organ) retracts an article favoring disunion.

It is now decided that the Cabinet will resign on the 3d of March. President Buchanan has prepared a Proclamation, which will issue whenever any violation or resistance of the Federal Laws occurs. Lincoln has decided to issue a conservative declaration of his policy, intended to appease the wrath of the South. There is still much excitement here.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE SCHOOL FUND.

OFFICE OF THE LITERARY BOARD. BALTIMORE, October 10th, 1860.

The President and Directors of the Literary Fund having made distribution of the net income of said Fund for the year 1860, have directed the following tabular statement to be published, showing the Spring and Fall distributions to each county, and the total distributed during the year.

The amount of the Fall distribution will be paid to the persons entitled thereto upon application to the Treasury Department.

Allegheny, Madison, and Polk Counties will receive their apportionment from the Counties from which they were respectively formed. Jackson County will receive thirty (30) per centum of the amount allotted to Madison County, and the balance of its share from that allotted to Haywood County.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Secy. JOHN W. ELLIS, Secy.

GRANTHAM DAVIS, Secretary to the Literary Board.

Adams	1,123	1,694 76	1,694 76
Allegheny	8,898	839 76	839 76
Armstrong	11,311	1,233 76	1,233 76
Ashley	10,617	1,202 12	1,202 12
Barre	10,028	1,275 74	1,275 74
Beaver	9,510	1,141 76	1,141 76
Berks	8,076	897 36	897 36
Bethlehem	7,303	2,076 36	2,076 36
Bloomfield	18,480	2,217 60	2,217 60
Bucks	8,620	825 36	825 36
Butler	6,878	825 36	825 36
Cayuga	13,407	828 84	828 84
Chemung	6,656	798 72	798 72
Columbia	6,585	790 20	790 20
Cornwall	7,503	825 36	825 36
Crawford	6,883	825 36	825 36
Crawford	13,062	1,567 41	1,567 41
Dakota	3,365	472 20	472 20
Danville	11,149	1,337 92	1,337 92
Denio	16,181	741 84	741 84
Dodge	6,924	830 88	830 88
Edison	6,961	835 32	835 32
Elmore	8,511	835 32	835 32
Elmore	8,552	1,026 26	1,026 26
Emery	6,166	739 56	739 56
Fallon	6,163	740 56	740 56
Fallon	11,626	1,406 88	1,406 88
Franklin	7,905	948 60	948 60
Franklin	14,236	1,708 32	1,708 32
Franklin	7,905	1,267 72	1,267 72
Franklin	7,040	844 80	844 80
Franklin	14,567	1,794 84	1,794 84
Franklin	7,905	1,267 72	1,267 72
Franklin	6,030	723 60	723 60
Franklin	10,745	1,289 40	1,289 40
Franklin	8,825	1,639 00	1,639 00
Franklin	11,060	1,329 60	1,329 60
Franklin	12,363	1,485 56	1,485 56
Franklin	12,363	1,475 56	1,475 56
Franklin	12,368	1,480 56	1,480 56
Franklin	12,368	1,481 56	1,481 56
Franklin	12,368	1,481 56	1,481 56
Franklin	12,311	1,477 32	1,477 32
Franklin	8,490	1,018 80	1,018 80
Franklin	8,490	761 76	761 76
Franklin	8,432	975 54	975 54
Franklin	8,432	534 24	534 24
Franklin	9,258	1,110 96	1,110 96
Franklin	21,462	2,584 76	2,584 76
Franklin	8,432	1,243 92	1,243 92
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